Running SAS at Austin Using TSO: A Beginner's Guide

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AUSTIN CHEAT SHEETS—HOW TO PERSUADE THE AAC TO READ and RUN YOUR SAS PROGRAMS

- 1. "Austin" is short for the AAC (Austin Automation Center), a facility where nationwide VA data is collected, processed, and stored. In addition, authorized users can access and manipulate these VA datasets, store data and programs, and submit jobs to answer research questions.
- 2. For this session, we will look at use of extended care beds at Palo Alto VA HCS between August 1, FY01 and Sept. 30, FY01 (Sept. 30, 2001). The "runfile" written to extract this information from Austin is stored in RMTPRD.S640MG1.LIB.AFIND. In Austin parlance, AFIND is a "MEMBER" (one of several) of library RMTPRD.S640MG1.LIB. "Library" is to Austin what "Directory" is to a PC. A Member is to Austin what a File is to a PC.

NOTE: We will learn here about libraries that are "Partitioned Data Sets (PDS); i.e., a library that contains several members. We will not cover "Sequential Data Sets."

I. First Steps: Authorization and Logging On

Authorization

Jan Beyer has forms to request access to specific VA databases at Austin. For example, you must justify your need for the Real Social Security Number database. After approval from Palo Alto VA and Austin, you will receive an Austin account number (S640xxx).

Logging On

Download Telnet3270 (from http://helpdesk.uvic.ca/how-to/support/win95/qns3270.html),or place an IRMS work order to install SMARTCOM/PERSOFT. (For Telnet, the AAC address is 152.125.190.39.) Alternatively, use the internet to access the VA "Host on Demand" IBM Emulator.

PRINTOUT OF INITIAL TSO SCREENS:

1. Log Onto TSO

Facility Selections

PF FACILITY STATUS

1 H - Help

2 T - TSO (AUSTSO) ACTIVE

3 R - ROSCOE (AUSROS) ACTIVE

SELECTION→ T

2. Account Number and Password

ENTER LOGON parameters below

Userid→ S640xxx Password-> Your Password*

Length of 8, no repeating, at least 1 alpha, 1 numeric, and 1 "special"

After "READY" prompt, Type SPF

II. ALLOCATING SPACE FOR A LIBRARY / NAVIGATING TSO

THE PRIMARY OPTION MENU

This may look complex, but you'll mostly use options 2 (EDIT) and 3 (VIEW) only.

ISPF Primary Option Menu 0 Settings Terminal and user parameters 1 View Display source data or listings 2 Edit Create or change source data 3 Utilities Perform utility functions 4 Foreground . Option → 3

Utility Selection Panel

1 Library Compress or print data set. Print index listing. Print, rename, delete, browse, edit or view members
2 Data Set Allocate, rename, delete, catalog, uncatalog, or display information of an entire data set [LIBRARY]
3 Move/Copy Move, copy, or promote members or data sets [LIBRARIES]
4 Dslist Print or display (to process) list of data set names. [LIBRARIES]

Then, hit 2 for "data set" to get to the DATA SET UTILITY

```
Data Set Utility [LIBRARY]
    A Allocate new data set
                                          C Catalog data set
    R Rename entire data set
                                          U Uncatalog data set
    D Delete entire data set
                                          S Short data set information
                                          V VSAM Utilities
blank Data set information
ISPF Library:
                             -YOUR ACCOUNT NAME-
   Project . . S640xxx
                             -2<sup>nd</sup> level name-your choice-
   Group . . . EXAMPLES
   Type . . . LIB
                             - LIB indicates this is a PDS-
Other Partitioned, Sequential or VSAM Data Set:
   Data Set Name . . .
                               (If not cataloged, required for option
   Volume Serial . . .
"C")
Data Set Password . .
                               (If password protected)
Option ===> A
```

- 1. Type parameters for Project, Group, and Type as shown above.
- 2. Then, type 'A' and <RETURN> to set up the parameters (e.g., allocate space) of your LIBRARY. Screen will say "Allocate New Data Set."

NOTE: For a shared library (others can copy your files), "Project" should be RMTPRD, "Group" can be any name. "Type" remains LIB.

Complete the parameters as shown below.

```
Allocate New Data Set
                                                                More: +
Data Set Name . . . : S640MG1.EXAMPLES.LIB
Management class . . .
                                     (Blank for default management class)
Storage class . . . .
                                     (Blank for default storage class)
 Volume serial . . . 2INTOH
                                    (Blank for system default volume) **
 Device type . . . .
                                    (Generic unit or device address) **
Data class . . . . .
                                    (Blank for default data class)
 Space units . . . . TRACK
                                 (BLKS, TRKS, CYLS, KB, MB, BYTES
                                     or RECORDS)
 Average record unit
                                    (M, K, or U)
 Primary quantity . . 30
                                     (In above units)
 Secondary quantity
                                    (In above units)
 Directory blocks . . 45
                                    (Zero for sequential data set) *
 Record format . . . . FB
 Record length . . . 80
                              (alternatively, 27920; multiple of 8)
 Block size . . . . . . 6480
 Data set name type : PDS
                                      (LIBRARY, HFS, PDS, or blank) *
```

Press <ENTER>: The upper right hand corner of next screen will display "Data Set Allocated." "S" will give you brief information about the LIBRARY you just created. See Appendix A for creating a larger library.

III. Building Your Own Runfile ("Member" of LIBRARY)

Tp add a member to the LIBRARY you've just created, type =2 at OPTION→ and then <ENTER>. This brings you to the "Edit Entry Panel."

Type "NEW" as member and then press <ENTER> key to bring up your (BLANK) runfile: NEW.

Your (BLANK) member "NEW":

```
______
         S640MG1.EXAMPLES.LIB(NEW) - 01.00
EDIT
                                                Columns
000001 THIS IS MY MEMBER CALLED NEW. THIS IS THE SECTION OF THE RUNFILE WHERE
000002 YOU WRITE YOUR SAS PROGRAM. YOU EDIT THE PROGRAM WITH EDIT COMMANDS
000003 WRITTEN DIRECTLY ON TOP OF THE LINE NUMBER(S) AT LEFT. FOR EXAMPLE,
000004 "I" (INSERT) WILL KEEP FEEDING ME NEW LINES UNTIL I HIT <ENTER> TWICE.
000005
               TYPE JCL AND SAS LANGUAGE HERE
000006
000007 TRY THE FOLLOWING TSO EDITING COMMANDS TO BUILD YOUR RUNFILE:
000008 COPY AND MOVE (FOR ONE LINE), INSERT, CC AND MM (BLOCK OF LINES), AND
000009 B (BEFORE) AND A (AFTER). TRY DELETING A LINE WITH THE D KEY.
```

Place the cursor anywhere within the lines and begin typing. Press $\langle \text{ENTER} \rangle$ and type more. We will practice a few edit commands.

Now type JOBCARD and <ENTER> at the command line. This places the first few lines (but not all) of your Job Control Language (JCL) into the runfile. A runfile may be built from scratch in this way, but the fastest way to create a library member is to copy one.

BRIEF REVIEW	OF TERMINOLOGY
TSO	Operating System of Austin Mainframe
LIBRARY	Analogous to "directory" in a PC. A Library contains one or more members.
MEMBERS	The runfiles in your Library, containing JCL and SAS instructions. Like PC "files."
DATASET	Either an Austin-constucted set of data (N variables and values for N observations, OR dataset you create within a member (or "runfile").
JCL	Identifies user and priority, invokes SAS, tells Austin where to get and put data.

IV. Copying Someone Else's File: Using the Editor and the Jobcard statement to Copy a "RUNFILE" to Your Library

Part 1. Copying someone else's runfile is the fastest way to begin, but the FIRST LEVEL of the LIBRARY from which you're copying MUST BE NAMED "RMTPRD." (e.g. RMTPRD.S640MG1.LIB). Otherwise you'll need the other person to copy their runfile(s) to an RMTPRD library (See Appendix A).

1. To copy someone's RMTPRD-level file to your Library, **type =3.3** (then <ENTER>) to get to the **MOVE/COPY UTILITY PANEL**. First, specify the transfer FROM Library Name:

```
Move/Copy Utility
                                                                            More: +
 C Copy data set or member(s)

M Move data set or member(s)

CP Copy and print

MP Move and print

L Copy and LMF lock member(s)

LP Copy, LMF lock, and print

P LMF Promote data set or member(s)

PP LMF Promote and print
 Specify "From" Data Set below, then press Enter key
 From ISPF Library:
    Project . . . RMTPRD
                                 (--- Options C, CP, L, and LP only ---)
    Type . . . LIB
    Member . . . AFIND
                                               (Blank or pattern for member list,
                                        "*" for all members)
 From Other Partitioned or Sequential Data Set:
    Data Set Name . . .
                             (If not cataloged)
    Volume Serial . . .
 Option ===> C
```

2. NEXT, specify the "TRANSFER TO" Library Name (e.g., the library you just created):

Menu RefList Utilities Help ______ From RMTPRD.S640MG1.LIB(AFIND) More: + Specify "To" Data Set Below To ISPF Library: Project . . S640xxx Replace option: Group . . . EXAMPLES Enter "/" to select option Type . . . LIB Replace like-named members Member . . . findviz (Blank unless member is to be renamed) To Other Partitioned or Sequential Data Set: Data Set Name . . . Volume Serial . . . (If not cataloged) Data Set Password . . (If password protected) To Data Set Options: Sequential Disposition Pack Option SCLM Setting 3 1. SCLM 1 1. Mod 3 1. Yes Command ===> <FNTER>

- 3. Hit <ENTER>, then =3.4. Type the first level name (S640xxx) and hit <ENTER>.
- 4. Type 'E' to the left of "EXAMPLES." 'E' is for EDIT and is another way to select a file.
- 5. Press <ENTER> again, and type 'E' to the left of "findviz," press <ENTER> and you'll see the copied runfile "findviz."

```
RUNFILE "FINDVIZ" (Which is a "member" of your "Library" S640xxx.EXAMPLE.LIB):
******************
DD 000001 //S640MG1N JOB XXXUNKA8, S640MG1,
 000002 //
                        MSGCLASS=I, NOTIFY=&SYSUID
 000003 //* This JCL is in S640MG1.ASAS1.LIB(ARENO)
s640xxx.examples.lib.findviz
DD 000004 //*MAIN LINES=(60,W)
000005 //STEP1 EXEC SAS
000006 /*IN1 DD DSN=MDPPRD.PRO.SAS.DMS.CPMINI(0),DISP=SHR
000007 /*IN2 DD DSN=MDPPRD.PRO.SAS.NAT.FY01.OPCNAMEF,DISP=SHR
000008 //IN3 DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.SAS.XM01,DISP=SHR
000009 //LIBRARY DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.FMTLIB6, DISP=SHR
000010 //SYSIN DD *
000011
000012 OPTIONS NOCENTER LS=80 PS=66;
000013
000014 *proc contents data=in3.xm01*;
000015
 000016 data one; set in3.xm01(keep=scrssn sta3n dbedsect admitday
000017 disday dxprime);
000018
000019 if sta3n=640;
000020 if disday ge '01aug01'd and disday le '30sep01'd;
000021 proc sort; by scrssn disday;
```

Using JOBCARD and !JCK, Submitting Your Job

000022 proc print data=one(obs=10);

- 1. Delete Lines 1-4 (DD in line 1 and DD in line 4, then <ENTER>), and replace them with your OWN Job Control Language lines 1-4 by typing "JOBCARD."
- 2. In Line 1, change s640xxx8 to s640xxx7 (by placing the cursor over the 8, then typing 7).
- 3. Delete any lines that have "MSG" to the left ('D' to the left of the line you want to delete).
- 4. At the command line, type **!JCK**, **then <ENTER>**. A message should come back that there are NO flagged statements. If not, see Appendix XXX (When your JCL has errors).
- 5. Type "SUB" (then <ENTER> to submit your job to the Austin Mainframe computer."

V. Examining Your Job, Printing, and Transferring

To identify the status of your job, type '=j' and then 'ST.'

 ${\tt S322}$ or ${\tt 1310}$ in the "Comp" column means your job took too long and "Abended." ${\tt W-Output}$ means your job is done.

X-SYP means your job is still running

Type 'S' to the left side of the job you want to examine.

STA	rus 6,75	55S 1X	2W OH OT	15,384 Re	cords		Row 1	1 of 3	
Cm	d Jobname	Job-ID	Status	Process	Stepnum	Stepname	JP Pos Comp	Records	
	s640WF16	JOB1556	4 W-OUTPUT	OUTSERV	1	6	1310	15,059	
S	S640WF16	JOB15522	W-OUTPUT	OUTSERV	1	6		325	
	S640WF1	TSU1521	2 X-SYP	MAIN	1	1 SPF	15		0

THE "ST SCREEN": LISTS ALL YOUR JOBS

DSST	IAT S640 DDname	OMG1N JOB Stepname					Cop	Hld	Destination	Row 1 of 5 Records
					-					>
	JESMSGLG			HLD	Ι	6	1		LOCAL	54
	JESJCL			HLD	Ι	6	1		LOCAL	88
	JESYSMSG			HLD	Ι	6	1		LOCAL	136
	SASLOG	STEP1	SAS	HLD	I	6	1		LOCAL	50
S	SASLIST	STEP1	SAS	HLD	Ι	6	1		LOCAL	

THE JOB DETAIL SCREEN (After pressing S' to the left of the job you want to examine displayed in the ST Screen.

AT THE JOB DETAIL SCREEN:

- 1. IF there is a JCL error, the job will crash quickly. Put an 'S' to the left side of JESMSGLG or JESYSMSG in the JOB DETAIL SCREEN to find and analyze errors.
- 2. IF there is an error in programming, you'll see SASLOG but not SASLIST (the output). Type S to the left of SASLOG, then type f 'err' to locate errors in your runfile.
 - If you have SASLOG and SASLIST, congratulations, your program ran. Still, look at the SASLOG: At each data step, is the N of observations what you would logically expect? Is there anything else unexpected? Generally, the more "PROC PRINTS" at each data set, the better you will really understand how the computer has processed your information!
- 3. Type S to the left of SASLIST and, again, examine the OUTPUT to check for "face validity."

Printing and Downloading Your SASLst (Output) and/or SASLOG (Record of job)

- 1. QUICK WAY: Print screen-easiest if you don't need to save it, or if a small output.
- 2 SAVE TO HARD DRIVE WITHOUT USING FTP:

Put cursor on Edit option of Telnet. At the first screen, select COPY, then go to next screen (F8), and hit append all, and so on until the last screen of output. After the last "append all," hit the Edit menu button again, and then click on "Save AS." You may want to save to Microsoft Word or some other word Processor.

4. SAVE TO HARD DRIVE USING FTP

Here you "extract" the data and download it to your Hard Drive with "File Transfer Protocol" (FTP) software. This is the best method when you have a lot of output. You will need FTP software installed on your computer. Type ${}^{\backprime}E'$ to the left of SASLIST. <ENTER> The following screen will come up:

S640MG1N JOB 02650

Extract Parameters

For Extract to DASD Dataset:

Dataset name ===> <type name here> for example "VISITS.LST"

Disposition ===> SHR (OLD, MOD, NEW or SHR)
Page eject ===> NO (YES or NO to force ej (YES or NO to force eject for each dataset)

NOTE: When you use FTP, you can locate this file under your LIBRARY (S640xxx.VISITS.LST). You can also type =3.4, and then S640xxx. to locate your Extracted SASLOG (Annotated runfile) or SASLIST (Output).

VII. A Brief Look at JCL

ALWAYS USE !JCK to check your JCL before submitting a job, and always check for typos.

```
1 //S640MG17 JOB XXXUNKA9,S640MG1,
                                                    * These lines
2 // MSGCLASS=I, NOTIFY=&SYSUID,
                                                    * supplied by
3 //USER=S640MG1, PASSWORD=
                                                    * command
4 //* THIS JCL IS IN S640MG1.ASAS1.LIB(RESPCOMP)
                                                    * "JOBCARD"
5 //*MAIN LINES=(60,W)
6 //STEP1 EXEC SAS, REGION=3000K, SOUT=R, WORK='100,50' ***Instruction to run SAS
with this much space. YOU may need to delete all text after 'SAS' because of
possible ABEND error.***;
7 //IN1 DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.SAS.SG01(0),DISP=SHR
                                                    *Shared Austin Data Set that
                                                     will be input (read);
8 //OUT DD DSN=S640MG1.SAS.TESTCOPY,DISP=(NEW,CATLG), *New data set you're
9 //
            SPACE=(CYL, (1000,500), RLSE), UNIT=RMTINT
10 //LIBRARY DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.FMTLIB6,DISP=SHR *Format Library
11 //SYSIN DD *
[END OF JCL] [Beginning of SAS]
12 OPTIONS NOCENTER LS=80 PS=66;
                                                      *Output Options*;
13 Data ONE; SET IN1.SG01; *SAS data Step. Create temp set called ONE which
                             *reads in IN1.SG01. Select records where STA3N=640*;
14 If STA3N=640;
15.DATA OUT.TESTCOPY; SET ONE;
                                   *Next SAS data step. Create Permanent data set
                                   *"Out.testcopy" which contains any manipulations
                                   *you included in data one*;
```

Trouble-Shooting JCL

- 1. ABEND ERROR: Always examine JCL messages (=j, st) to detect where this happened.
 - a. Delete ",REGION=8000K,SOUT=R,WORK='1000,200' "phrase in STEP1 statement. If that is NOT the problem, adjust REGION and WORK (e.g. REGION=1000K WORK='100,10')
 - b. Adjust job level in Line 1 UP (e.g., change XXXUNKA8 to XXXUNKA9)
 - c. Adjust space parameters of your OUT dataset. If using UNIT=RMTBIG change to UNIT=RMTINT, or vice versa.
- 2. ID errors: in lines 1 and 3, write YOUR account number. In line 7, the first level name of the IN account should NOT start with someone else's Account number.
- 3. JCL/SAS MISMATCH: Do IN and OUT names in 13 and 15 match JCL names in lines 7 and 8.
- 4. OTHER CONVENTIONS:
 - a. JCL lines always begin with // with no space immediately after. In general, determine whether your spacing is correct.
 - b. WRITE YOUR JCL IN CAPITAL LETTERS.
 - ${\tt C}$.NO semicolons at the end of a JCL line; but needed after OPTIONS and SAS statements.
- 5. CONTINUATION STATEMENTS (Lines 8 and 9). Since Line 9 is a continuation of 8, type a comma after line 8. Start line 9 (after typing the //) about 12 spaces to the right.
- 6. You may wish to retype the apparent "problem line" in case there are hidden errors.

Appendix A. Transferring S640xxx LIBRARIES to RMTPRD.S640xxx LIBRARIES

If NEWUSER X wants to copy runfiles from OTH-USER Y's NON-RMTPRD Library, OTH-USER needs to copy his/her Library to an RMTPRD Library first. The method is much the same as copying any library member to a different library.

OTH-USER will do the following:

1. Type =3.3 and specify the FROM Library.

2. Hit <ENTER> to bring up the TO Library screen, and specify project name as "RMTPRD."

```
COPY From S640MG1.ASAS1.LIB

# Specify "To" Data Set Below

To ISPF Library:
    Project . Rmtprd Replace option:
    Group . . s640MG1 Enter "/" to select option
    Type . . . ASAS1 Replace like-named members

To Other Partitioned or Sequential Data Set:
    Data Set Name . . .
    Volume Serial . . . (If not cataloged)

Data Set Password . . (If password protected)
```

3. The following screen wil appear. Type 1 where shown.

```
Allocate Target Data Set

| More: + | + | + |
| Specified data set RMTPRD.S640MG1.ASAS1 | |
| does not exist.

| If you wish to allocate this data set, select one of the options | |
| below. | |
| Allocation Options: | |
| 1. Allocate using the attributes of: | |
| S640MG1.ASAS1.LIB | |
| 2. Specify allocation attributes | |
```

<ENTER>

3. Type \mathbf{S}' next to the files you want to copy to the new RMTPRD Library.

COPY 00030	S640MG1.	ASAS1.LIE	B TO RM	TPRD.S640M	IG1.ASAS1	Row 00001 of
Name	Prompt	Size	Created	Chanc	jed	ID
. EXAMPLE	-	34	2001/10/31	2001/10/31	11:50:32	S640MG1
s EXTTEST		16	1998/10/29	2001/09/12	16:51:27	S640MG1
s FINDNAME		65	2001/08/14	2001/11/03	13:26:05	S640MG1
. FINDVIZ		12	1998/10/29	2001/11/02	16:04:00	S640MG1
. MAKESET		14	2001/06/12	2001/11/05	11:42:01	S640MG1
. NCNEWVIZ		245	2001/07/12	2001/07/13	16:11:26	S640MG1
s NEWPAD		193	2001/03/13	2001/08/14	11:20:55	S640MG1
s ONENAME		17	2001/08/17	2001/08/31	12:35:43	S640MG1
4. The next	screen verifi	es that th	e members wer	re copied to	the RMTPRD	Library.
COPY	S640MG1.ASAS	1.LIB	TO RMTPRD.S64	10MG1.ASAS1	Row 00001	of 00030
Name	Prompt	Size	Created	Chang	ged	ID
. EXAMPLE		34	2001/10/31	2001/10/31	11:50:32	S640MG1
. EXTTEST	*COPIED	16		2001/09/12		S640MG1
. FINDNAME	*COPIED	65		2001/11/03		S640MG1
. MAKESET		14	2001/06/12	2001/11/05		S640MG1
. NCNEWVIZ		245	2001/07/12	2001/07/13		S640MG1
. NEWPAD	*COPIED	193	2001/03/13	2001/08/14		S640MG1
. ONENAME	*COPIED	17	2001/08/17	2001/08/31	12:35:43	S640MG1

5. Now NEWUSERS can log on and copy members from the RMTPRD library into their ${\tt S640XXX}$ Library.

Appendix B: Creating a Larger Library

```
Allocate New Data Set
                                                                More: +
Data Set Name . . . : S640MG1.EXAMPLES.LIB
Management class . . .
                                     (Blank for default management class)
Storage class . . . .
                                    (Blank for default storage class)
 Volume serial . . . . 2BIG08
                                   (Blank for system default volume) **
                                    (Generic unit or device address) **
 Device type . . . .
                                    (Blank for default data class)
Data class . . . . . .
 Space units . . . . CYLINDER
                                    (BLKS, TRKS, CYLS, KB, MB, BYTES
                                     or RECORDS)
 Average record unit
                                    (M, K, or U)
 Primary quantity . . 30
                                     (In above units)
 Secondary quantity
                                    (In above units)
 Directory blocks . . 45
                                    (Zero for sequential data set) *
 Record format . . . . FB
 Record length . . . 80
 Block size . . . . . 27920
 Data set name type : PDS
                                    (LIBRARY, HFS, PDS, or blank) *
Command ===> <ENTER>
```

Appendix C. Transferring S640xxx Datasets to RMTPRD.S640xxx DATASETS

Copying a Dataset. Ain Section VII above we created dataset OUT.S640MG1.SAS.TESTCOPY. IF the person who created this dataset left CHCE, a new person could NOT use this dataset because it does not start with RMTPRD as the first level name. Here are some solutions:

- 1. Call Austin (512/326-6780) within 90 days after the person's departure and ask them to change the files to the new employee's Account Number. It appears that after 90 days the data set will no longer be available.
- 2. Change the dataset to an RMTPRD level dataset:
- A. MAKE AN "OUT" DATASET WITH "RMTPRD" as the FIRST LEVEL NAME

```
000001 //s640Mg17 JOB XXXUNKA8,s640Mg1,
000002 // MSGCLASS=I,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000003 //* THIS JCL IS IN S640Mg1.ASAS1.LIB(RESPCOMP)
000004 //*MAIN LINES=(60,W)
000005 //STEP1 EXEC SAS,REGION=1000K,SOUT=R,WORK='100,50'

000006 //IN1 DD DSN=S640Mg1.SAS.TESTCOPY,DISP=SHR

000007 //OUT DD DSN=RMTPRD.S640Mg1.LIB.TESTCOPY,DISP=(NEW,CATLG),
000008 // SPACE=(CYL,(1000,500),RLSE),UNIT=RMTBIG

000009 //LIBRARY DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.FMTLIB6,DISP=SHR
000010 //SYSIN DD *
000011 OPTIONS NOCENTER LS=80 PS=66;
000012 DATA OUT.TESTCOPY; SET IN1.TESTCOPY;
000013
```

B. After examining output of the job above, test it:

```
000001 //S640WF16 JOB XXXUNKA8,S640WF1,
000002 // MSGCLASS=I,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000003 //* THIS JCL IS IN S640WF1.EXAM2.LIB(SCRPB99)
000004 //*MAIN LINES=(60,W)
000005 //STEP1 EXEC SAS,REGION=1000K,SOUT=R,WORK='100,50'
000006 //IN1 DD DSN=RMTPRD.S640MG1.LIB.TESTCOP2,DISP=SHR
000007 //MAINFILE DD DSN=MDPPRD.SYS.SAS.NAT.LIB.MAINFILE,DISP=SHR
000008 //LIBRARY DD DSN=MDPPRD.MDP.FMTLIB6,DISP=SHR
000009 //SYSIN DD *
000010 OPTIONS NOCENTER LS=80 PS=66;
000011 DATA ONE; SET IN1.TESTCOP2; IF VIZDAY LE '03OCT01'D;
000012 PROC PRINT DATA=ONE(OBS=1);
```

Appendix D. Other Resources:

1. VIRECC: http://vaww.aac.va.gov/operations/austin_info.asp:

learn how to sign on to TSO and use TSO / ISPF at the AAC (targeted for beginners). learn how to view and manage job output using (E)JES software. general information and common procedures.

learn how to set up the File Transfer (FTP) command under Windows and how to perform FTP's.

learn about JCL.

learn about dataset management and use at the AAC.

- 3. Help while on TSO.
- 4. HERC site for information and links.